This chapter cover:

- The importance of reception
- Equipment and material in the reception
- Qualities of a receptionist
- Duties of a receptionist
- Dealing with visitors
- Problems in the reception area
- Reception records

what is reception office?

a counter in the front of the company (as in a hotel) where guests are received.

The Importance of a reception:

- 1. The first contact that visitors do.
- 2. Provides the first impression to an outsider.
- 3. Reflects the image of the business.
- 4. Help in finding a person or a department.

Equipment and materials

Main equipments:

 Desk, Computer, chairs, magazines and today's newspaper.....etc.

Receptionist's specialist equipments:

- An appointment or visitors book.
- Reference book
- computer terminal
- Telephone and fax machine
- Security badges, car park passes
- Various stationary

The qualities of a good receptionist:

- Treat all visitors in a proper manner.
- Polite and good interpersonal communicative skills.
- Friendly, helpful, reliable, honest and able to work with others.
- Enthusiastic.
- Well informed about the firm's product, layout and staff.
- Patient, tactful.
- Appropriate appearance.

Business Skills of a good receptionist:

- Good Knowledge of the firm's department.
- Knowledge of the work they carry out
- A list of staff and their job titles
- General information about the business.
- Details of their products or services
- Physical layout of the business premises
- Where people are located
- Which security areas are not allowed for visitors
- What to do in an emergency
- An understanding of the procedures.

Receptionist's Duties:

- welcome visitors & answer their questions.
- dealing with different types of visitors.
- Directing visitors to the appropriate section.
- Maintaining reception register.
- Maintaining appointments dairy
- Making business phone calls.
- word processing
- Operating a telephone switchboard.
- Filing documents.
- Distributing incoming and outgoing mail.
- Gives basic Firs Aid

Dealing with visitors:

- 1. Greet each visitor promptly
- 2. Ask if you can help them (start)
- 3. Find out the visitor's name
- 4. Find out if the visitor is expected and for who.
- 5. Ask visitors to record their details
- 6. Issue a visitors badge.
- 7.If the visitor is expected contact the appropriate member of staff
- 8. Keep the visitor informed about any delay
- 9. Provide refreshments if appropriate.

Problems in reception area:

a. Dealing with unexpected visitors:

Examples:

- Visitor has an appointment and you may have not been told.
- Visitors arrive earlier or later than expected.
- Visitors come to see someone in your organization without an appointment.

How to deal:

- Be diplomatic in the way you act
- Attempt to solve the problem
- Give a positive image of yourself and your company

Problems in reception area:

b. Dealing with difficult visitors:

Example:

Visitor who made a mistake and does not admit it.

How to deal:

- Be diplomatic and try to solve the problem
- Accept the visitor's problem as a challenge an tackle it willingly and positively.
- Give a positive impression on the visitor

Problems in reception area:

c. Dealing with complaints:

- Prepare yourself to listen and note down customers' complaints.
- Initial apology or explanation
- Pass the complaint on to the relevant person or department

CHAPTER2

Reception

Reception records:

a) Callers' Register:

Regis	ster	of	Call	lers
0.0				

Date	Caller's Name	Company	Time of arrival	Seen by	Signature	Time of departure	Remarks
				commbh.com			

Reception records:

b)Appointment Book:

Tuesday	1	September	2009
08:30			
09:30		•••••	
10:30		•••••	
13:00	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
14:45			